Course Outline

**COURSE:** BIO 1  
**DIVISION:** 10  
**ALSO LISTED AS:**

**TERM EFFECTIVE:** Spring 2019  
**CURRICULUM APPROVAL DATE:** 05/14/2018

**SHORT TITLE:** CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

**LONG TITLE:** Cell and Molecular Biology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Number of Weeks</th>
<th>Contact Hours/Week</th>
<th>Total Contact Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Lecture: 3</td>
<td>Lecture: 54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lab: 3</td>
<td>Lab: 54</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other: 0</td>
<td>Other: 0</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Total: 6</td>
<td>Total: 108</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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**COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

A general biology course with an emphasis on the structure and function of cells, biological molecules, homeostasis, cell respiration, photosynthesis, cell life cycle and its controls, cellular communication, Mendelian and non-classical genetics, evolution and diversity of life. The philosophy of science, methods of scientific inquiry and experimental design are foundational to the course. The course is required for students majoring in biology and/or its subcategories (e.g., plant or animal sciences). (C-ID: BIO 190)

**PREREQUISITE:** Biological 10 or Biology 12 or Environmental Science 1 with a grade of 'C' or better, and Chemistry 1A and Mathematics 240 with a grade of 'C' or better. **ADVISORY:** Eligible for English 250 and English 260.

**PREREQUISITES:**

(Completion of BIO 10, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of BIO 12, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of ES 1, as UG, with a grade of C or better.)

AND Completion of CHEM 1A, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

AND (Completion of MATH 233, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of MATH 233B, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of MATH 235, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of MATH 240, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR

Completion of MATH 242, as UG, with a grade of C or better.

OR
Completion of MATH 3, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 5, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 6, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 7, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 12, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 14, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 8A, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 8B, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 1A, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 1B, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Completion of MATH 1C, as UG, with a grade of C or better.
OR
Score of 33 on Intermediate Algebra
OR
Score of 13 on Pre-Calculus
OR
Score of 2600 on MM CCCApply Math
OR
Score of 2600 on MM Placement Tool Math
OR
Score of 2600 on Accuplacer Math)

COREQUISITES:

CREDIT STATUS: D - Credit - Degree Applicable

GRADING MODES
  L - Standard Letter Grade

REPEATABILITY: N - Course may not be repeated

SCHEDULE TYPES:
  02 - Lecture and/or discussion
  03 - Lecture/Laboratory
  04 - Laboratory/Studio/Activity
  04B - Laboratory - LEH 0.75
STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

1. Identify and describe the structures and interactions between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells (including metabolism, reproduction and communication)
   Measure: written exam, lab report
   PLO: 6,3
   ILO: 7,3
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment: 2011-2012

2. Identify and describe different phases of cell cycle
   Measure: written exam, lab report
   PLO: 6,3,7
   ILO: 7,3
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

3. Describe how organisms reproduce sexually and asexually
   Measure: written exam, reading assignments, lab report
   PLO: 4,5,6,3
   ILO: 7,3
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

4. Describe how organisms use and store energy
   Measure: written exam, reading assignments, lab report
   PLO: 6,4,5,1,3
   ILO: 7,3
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

5. Acquire, read, evaluate, apply and cite scientific literature. Demonstrate use of internate and library resources.
   Measure: demonstration, research paper
   PLO: 1,2,3
   ILO: 6,3,7,1
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

6. Be able to solve problems in molecular genetics, classical genetics, and cytogenetic
   Measure: homework, written exam
   PLO: 1,3,2
   ILO: 7,3
   GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
   Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:
7. Relate the use of biotechnology to techniques used in the modern laboratory
Measure: Lab report, written exam
PLO: 7,1,6,4,2,3
ILO: 7,3
GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

8. Describe how the structures of organisms are related to their function, and how those features develop through the process of evolution
Measure: written exam
PLO: 5,4,3
ILO: 7,3
GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

9. Describe the function of genes and how they are expressed
Measure: written exam
PLO: 6,1,7,3
ILO: 7,3
GE-LO: B1,B2, B3,B4
Year assessed or anticipated year of assessment:

PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES:
1. Use raw experimental data to conduct statistical analysis, and present conclusions in a graphical and narrative form.
2. Find, select and evaluate various types of scientific information including primary research articles, mass media sources and world-wide web information.
3. Effectively communicate scientific concepts in both written and oral formats.
4. Identify the evolutionary processes that lead to adaptation and biological diversity.
5. Describe the relationship between life forms and their environment and ecosystems.
6. Explain the basic structures and fundamental processes of life at molecular, cellular and organismal levels.
7. Demonstrate the correct operating procedures in the use of common lab equipment such as compound microscopes, spectrophotometer, pH meter, electrophoresis gel apparatus, micropipetters, and centrifuges.

CONTENT, STUDENT PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES, OUT-OF-CLASS ASSIGNMENTS
Curriculum Approval Date: 05/14/2018
WEEK 1  3 lec
CONTENT: Life's levels of organization, the process of science, evolution, unity and diversity, biology in everyday life
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Define a hypothesis and compare inductive and deductive reasoning.
- List the levels of organization from atom to ecosystem and note how the levels relate to each other.
- Describe and distinguish between the three domains of life. List examples of each domain.
- Describe seven properties that are common to all life.
- Describe the process of natural selection

11/30/2018
HOMEWORK:
- read Ch. 1 and study lecture notes
3 lab
CONTENT: safety procedures in the lab; the microscope
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe lab safety procedures
- Demonstrate use of microscope
WEEK 2   3 lec
CONTENT: The chemical basis of life: atoms, molecules, properties of water, rearrangements of atoms, organic compounds and their polymers
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Define the atomic number and mass number of an atom.
- Distinguish among nonpolar covalent, polar covalent, and ionic bonds noting their relative strengths and functions.
- Describe the structure of the atom.
- Identify which elements are most common in living matter
- Define a compound
- Describe the relationship between acids, bases, and buffers
- Define solute, solvent, and solution.
HOMEWORK
- Read Ch 2, study lecture notes
3 lab----------------
CONTENT: pH and the calculation of hydrogen and hydronium ions in solution
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Measure pH of various liquids
- Calculate the concentration of hydrogen and hydronium ions at various pH
- Complete lab report
WEEK 3   3 lec
CONTENT: Molecules of cells- organic compounds and their polymers
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe the ways that carbon skeletons can vary.
- Describe the structure and function of the different functional groups.
- Describe the difference between saturated and unsaturated fatty acids
- Describe the similarities and differences among the common amino acids
- Describe some of the functions of proteins
- Describe the difference between primary, secondary, and tertiary structure of a protein
- Define organic compounds, hydrocarbons, a carbon skeleton, and an isomer.
- List the four classes of macromolecules, explain the relationship between monomers and polymers.
- Explain why there are upper limits to cell size.
- Distinguish between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
HOMEWORK:  
- read Ch 3 and study lecture notes  
3 lab  

CONTENT: blood cells  
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:  
- Use the microscope to identify the types of cells in blood  
- Draw and label cell types  
- Complete lab report  

WEEK 4  
3 lec  

CONTENT: reasons for cell size, organelles of the cell  
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:  
- Explain why compartmentalization is important in eukaryotic cells.  
- Compare the structures of plant and animal cells. Note the function of each cell part.  
- Describe the structures and functions of the nucleus, endomembrane system, rough and smooth endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus, and lysosomes.  
- Explain how impaired lysosomal function can cause the symptoms of storage diseases.  
- Compare the structures and functions of mitochondria and chloroplasts.  
- Compare the structures and functions of microfilaments, intermediate filaments, and microtubules.  
- Explain how the structure of cilia and flagella relate to their functions.  
- Compare the structures and functions of cell surfaces and intercellular junctions of plant and animal cells.  
- Describe the four functional categories of eukaryotic organelles, noting which organelles are in each group.  
- Describe the properties we would expect to find in extraterrestrial life.  
- Compare the designs and images produced by a light microscope, scanning electron microscope, and transmission electron microscope. In addition, distinguish between magnification and resolving power.  
- Define cell theory and briefly describe the discoveries that led to its development.  
- Explain why cell size and shape varies.  
- Explain the relationships between nanometers, micrometers, millimeters, centimeters, and meters  
- write quiz
HOMEWORK
- read Ch 4 and study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT: Protozoans and cyanobacteria
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Identify, draw and describe structures of protozoans and cyanobacteria using the microscope
- Complete lab report
WEEK 5  3 lec
CONTENT: Energy and the cell
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Define and compare kinetic energy, potential energy, chemical energy, and heat.
- Define and compare endergonic and exergonic reactions. Explain how cells use these reactions to survive.
- Explain how ATP functions as an energy shuttle.
- Explain how enzymes speed up chemical reactions.
- Describe the structure of an enzyme-substrate interaction.
- Explain how the cellular environment affects enzyme activity.
- Explain how competitive and noncompetitive inhibitors alter an enzyme's activity.
- Explain how certain pesticides and antibiotics work by inhibiting enzymes.
- Explain how membranes help organize the chemical activities of a cell.
- Relate the structure of phospholipid molecules to the structure and properties of cell membranes.
- Describe the fluid mosaic structure of cell membranes.
- Describe the diverse functions of membrane proteins.
- Describe the process of passive transport. Explain why osmosis is the passive transport of water.
- Distinguish between hypertonic, hypotonic, and isotonic solutions.
- Explain how plant and animal cells change when placed into a hypertonic or hypotonic solution.
- Compare the processes of facilitated diffusion and active transport.
HOMEWORK
- Read Ch 5, study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT: staining specimens and examining through the microscope
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Be able to stain specimens and view using the microscope
- Complete lab report
WEEK 6 3 lec
CONTENT: photosynthesis and cell respiration
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Summarize the overall equation for cell respiration and photosynthesis.
- Identify the different stages of each process and describe where they happen in the cell
- write midterm exam
HOMEWORK
- read Ch 6+7, study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT: separation of pigments using paper chromatography
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Separate plant pigments using paper chromatography
WEEK 7 3 lec
CONTENT: mitosis and the cell cycle
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe the phases of mitosis. List the events that occur at each phase
- Describe the cell cycle
- Differentiate between mitosis and meiosis
- Describe how gametes are made in humans
HOMEWORK
- read Ch 8, study lecture notes
3 lab----------------------
CONTENT: the absorbance spectrum of plant pigments
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Determine the absorbance spectrum of the pigments separated in the previous lab
- Complete lab report
WEEK 8 3 lec
CONTENT: meiosis, errors in meiosis, such as nondisjunction
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Define nondisjunction and explain how it can occur.
- Describe the consequences of abnormal numbers of sex chromosomes.
- write quiz
HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 8, study lecture notes
3 lab
CONTENT: using the computer, determining the reliability of resources on the web
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Use the computer and search the internet for resources
- Be able to distinguish between a reliable, and unreliable resource found on the web
- Complete lab report
WEEK 9  
3 lec

CONTENT: Mendelian and non-mendelian genetics

STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Define and distinguish between true-breeding organisms, hybrids, the P generation, the F1 generation, and the F2 generation.
- Define and distinguish between the following pairs of terms: genotype vs. phenotype, dominant allele vs. recessive allele, and heterozygous vs. homozygous. Also define a monohybrid cross and a Punnett square.
- Describe the relationship between alleles for the same gene on separate homologous chromosomes.
- Explain how recessive and dominant disorders are inherited. Provide examples of each.
- Describe the inheritance patterns of incomplete dominance, multiple alleles, and pleiotropy.

HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 9, pp154-171, and study lecture notes

3 lab- 

CONTENT: researching a paper and cultivating RELIABLE information from the internet

STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Research a topic using resources from the internet

WEEK 10  
3 lec

CONTENT: chromosome theory of inheritance, gene linkage, sex determination in humans, sex-linked inheritance

STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Explain how a single characteristic can be influenced by many genes.
- Define the chromosome theory of inheritance. Explain the chromosomal basis of the principles of segregation and independent assortment.
- Explain how linked genes are inherited differently from other, nonlinked genes.
- Explain how sex is genetically determined in humans
- Describe the patterns of sex-linked inheritance
- write midterm exam

HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 9, pp 171-181, study lecture notes

3 lab- 

CONTENT: the different parts of a research paper, citing resources in a research paper

STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Explain how resources should be cited in a scientific paper
- Describe the various parts of a scientific paper

WEEK 11  
3 lec

CONTENT: the structure of nucleic acids, characteristics of DNA/RNA, DNA replication, transcription
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Compare the structure of DNA and RNA.
- Explain how the structure of DNA facilitates its replication (hint: complementary base pairing).
- Describe the process of DNA replication.
- Describe the locations, reactants, and products of transcription and translation.
- Explain how RNA is produced.
- Explain how eukaryotic RNA is processed before leaving the nucleus
- write quiz
HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 10, pp182-193, study lecture notes
3 lab-------------
CONTENT: preparing and conducting a scientific experiment
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Explain how to conduct a scientific experiment
- Prepare a scientific experiment
WEEK 12 3 lec
CONTENT: translation during gene expression
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Explain how tRNA functions in the process of translation.
- Describe the structure and function of ribosomes.
- Explain how translation begins.
- Diagram the overall process of transcription and translation.
- Describe the major types of mutations and their possible consequences.
HOMEWORK:
- Read Ch 10, pp 194-207, study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT: model organisms used in research, Drosophila melanogaster
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe the difference between male and female fruit flies
- Describe properties of model organisms
- Identify eye color in fruit flies
- Complete lab report
WEEK 13 3 lec
CONTENT: regulation of gene expression
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Explain how selective gene expression yields a variety of cell types in multicellular eukaryotes.
- Explain how DNA is packaged into chromosomes.
- Explain the cause of the tortoiseshell pattern (calico) of a cat.
- Explain how eukaryotic gene expression is controlled
HOMEWORK:
- read Ch. 11, pp208-216, study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT: F1 crosses, fruitfly genetics
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- perform a cross between fruit flies of differing genotypes

WEEK 14  3 lec
CONTENT: differential gene expression via transcriptional, post transcriptional, translational, and post translational control
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe the process and significance of alternative DNA splicing.
- Explain how mRNA breakdown, initiation of translation, protein activation, and protein breakdown can each regulate gene expression.
- Describe homeotic genes
- Describe the roles of cell-to-cell signaling and signal-transduction pathways in development

HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 11, pp 217-229, study lecture notes
3 lab-

CONTENT: F1 crosses, fruitfly genetics
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Remove parental fruit flies from last week's cross using fly-nap

WEEK 15  3 lec
CONTENT: introduction to recombinant DNA technology, model organisms
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe how are some vaccines produced.
- Define recombinant DNA technology.
- Describe how genes are cloned
- Explain how restriction enzymes are used to "cut up" DNA.
- Describe the different types of vectors.
- write midterm exam

HOMEWORK:
- read Ch 12, pp 230-239, study lecture notes
3 lab-

CONTENT: collecting and analyzing data from F1 cross
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Count the progeny of the F1 cross
- Complete lab report

WEEK 16  3 lec
CONTENT: techniques used in biotechnology
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Describe important properties of a host organism.
- Explain how gel electrophoresis is used to sort DNA.
- Explain how polymerase chain reactions work and how this process is useful to biologists

HOMEWORK
- read Ch 12, pp 240-253, study lecture notes
3 lab-

CONTENT: further analysis of data, chi-square tests
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Analyze data from the fruit fly crosses, performing a chi-square test
- Complete lab report
WEEK 17  3 lec
CONTENT:  how populations evolve
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Briefly describe the history of evolutionary thought.
- Explain how Darwin's voyage on the Beagle influenced his thinking.
- Describe the ideas and events that resulted in Darwin's 1859 book.
- Explain how fossils form, noting examples of each process.
- Explain how the fossil record provides some of the strongest evidence of evolution.
- Explain how biogeography, comparative anatomy, comparative embryology, and molecular biology document evolution.
- Describe Darwin's assumptions in developing the concept of natural selection.
- Explain how artificial selection supports natural selection.
- Describe two examples of natural selection that are known to occur.
Note three key points about how natural selection works.
- Define a population and a species.
- Explain the significance of the modern synthesis.
- Explain how microevolution occurs.
- Explain how the bottleneck effect, the founder effect, gene flow, and mutation influence microevolution.
- Explain why only some variation is heritable.
- Explain how mutation and sexual recombination produce genetic variation.
- Explain why multiple-drug "cocktails" are more likely to be effective against HIV than single-drug treatments.
- Explain why genetic bottlenecks threaten the survival of certain species.
- Define Darwinian fitness. Explain why "survival of the fittest" can be misleading.
- Describe the three general outcomes of natural selection.
- Explain why antibiotic resistance has evolved.
- write a quiz
HOMEWORK:
- Read Ch 13, study lecture notes
3 lab-
CONTENT  review of material, interrelating concepts and seeing the "big picture"
STUDENT PERFORMANCE- the student will be able to:
- Review material
- complete and submit research paper
WEEK 18    2 hours
METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:
Lecture and laboratory, with use of computer animations, video, powerpoint presentations, and the internet.

METHODS OF EVALUATION:
CATEGORY 1 - The types of writing assignments required:
Percent range of total grade: 15 % to 20 %
Lab Reports
Term or Other Papers

CATEGORY 2 - The problem-solving assignments required:
Percent range of total grade: 15 % to 20 %
Lab Reports
Quizzes

CATEGORY 3 - The types of skill demonstrations required:
Percent range of total grade: 2 % to 5 %
Class Performance/s
Field Work
Performance Exams
Other: Demonstrate the use of the microscope

CATEGORY 4 - The types of objective examinations used in the course:
Percent range of total grade: 60 % to 80 %
Multiple Choice
True/False
Completion

CATEGORY 5 - Any other methods of evaluation
 Stoiceomotry in chemistry, Chi-square in genetics

REPRESENTATIVE TEXTBOOKS:
Required:
ISBN: 9780321558237
Reading level of text, Grade: 17    Verified by: D. Young
Other textbooks or materials to be purchased by the student: Doris Helms, et al. Biology in the Laboratory 3rd ed. W.H. Freeman and Co.
ARTICULATION and CERTIFICATE INFORMATION

Associate Degree:
GAV B2, effective 201330
GAV B3, effective 201330
CSU GE:
CSU B2, effective 201330
CSU B3, effective 201330
IGETC:
IGETC 5B, effective 201330
IGETC 5C, effective 201330
CSU TRANSFER:
Transferable CSU, effective 201330
UC TRANSFER:
Transferable UC, effective 201330

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:
Basic Skills: N
Classification: Y
Noncredit Category: Y
Cooperative Education:
Program Status: 1 Program Applicable
Special Class Status: N
CAN: BIOL2
CAN Sequence: BIOL SEQ A
CSU Crosswalk Course Department: BIO
CSU Crosswalk Course Number: 1
Prior to College Level: Y
Non Credit Enhanced Funding: N
Funding Agency Code: Y
In-Service: N
Occupational Course: E
Maximum Hours:
Minimum Hours:
Course Control Number: CCC000597759
Sports/Physical Education Course: N
Taxonomy of Program: 040100